


Ghmom Posmcor.

Adcirass mil Nasters 50
C. H. ENGLE, Publishisa, Examthowe, - NTioh.


## To the memory of

William Penn, Roger Williams, the late lamented

Helen Hunt Jackson, and many others now in Heaven,
Who conceived that Noble spirit of Justice Which recognizes the Brotherhood of the
Red Man, and to all others now living
Defenders of our race,
I most gratefully dedicate this tribute of the forest.

## By The Ruthor

My object in publishing the "Red Men's Rebuke" on the bark of the white birch tree, is out of loyalty to my own people, and gratitude to the Great Spirit, who in his wisdom provided for our use for untold generations, this mostremarkable tree with manifold bark used by us instead of paper, being of greater value to us as it could not be injured by sun or water.
; Out of the bark of this wonderful tree were made hats, caps and dishes for domestic use, while our maidens tied with it the kyot that sealed their marriage vow; wigwams were made of it, as well/as large canoes that outrode the violent storms on lake and sea; it was al\$o used for light and fuel at our war councils and spirit dances. Originally the shores of our northern lakes and streams were fringed with it and evergreen, and the white charmingly contrasted with the greent mirrored from the water was indeed beautiful, but like the red man this tree is vanishing from our forests.
"Alas for us; our day is n'er
Our fires a ce lout from shore to shore;
No more for ths the wild deer bounds-
The plow is on our hunting grounds.
The pale man's ax rings through our woods, The pale man's sail skims o'er floods;
Our pleasant springs are dry.
Our children-look by power oppressed, Beyond the mountains of the west-
Our childern go-to die."

## THE RED MAN'S REBUKE.

## BY SIMON POKAGON

 Pottarvattamie Chief."Shall not one line lament our forest race, For you struck out from wild creation's face? Freedom - the selfsame freedom you adore, Bade us defend our violated shore."

In behalf of my people, the American Indians, I hereby declare to you, the pale-faced race that has usurped our lands and homes, that we have no spirit to celebrate with you the great Columbian Fair now being held in this Chicago city, the wonder of the world.

No; sooner would we hold high joy-day over the graves of our departed fathers, than to celebrate our own funeral, the discovery of America. And, while you who are strangers, and you who live here, bring the offerings of the
handiwork of your own lands, and your hearts in admiration rejoice over the beauty and grandeur of this young republic, and you say, "Behold the wonders wrought by our children in this foreign land," do not forget that this success has been at the sacrifice of our homes and a once happy race.

Where these great Columbian show-buildings stretch skyward, and where stands this "Queen City of the West," once stood the red man's wigwam; here met their old men, young men, and maidens; here blazed their councilfires. But now the eagle's eye can find no trace of them. Here was the center of their wide-spread hunting-grounds; stretching far eastward, and to the great salt Gulf southward, and to the lofty Rocky Mountain chain westward ; and all about and beyond the Great Lakes northward roamed vast herds of buffalo that no man could number, while moose, deer, and elk were found from ocean to ocean ; pigeons, ducks, and geese in near bow-shot moved in great clouds through the air, while fish swarmed our streams, lakes, and seas close to shore. All were provided by the Great Spirit for our use ; we destroyed none except for food and dress; had plenty and were contented and happy.

But alas! the pale-faces came by chance to our shores, many times very needy and hungry. We nursed and fed them, - fed the ravens that were soon to pluck out our eyes, and the eyes of our children; for no sooner had the news reached the Old World that a new continent had been found, peopled
with another race of men, than, locust-like, they swarmed on all our coasts; and, like the carrion crows in spring, that in circles wheel and clamor long and loud, and will not cease until they find and feast upon the dead, so these strangers from the East long circuits made, and turkey-like they gobbled in our ears, "Gib ed us gold, give us gold ;" "Where find you gold? Where find you gold ""

We gave for promises and "gewgaws" all the gold we had, and showed them where to dig for more; to| repay /us, they robbed our homes of fath.' ers, mothers, sons, and daughters; some were forged across the $\|$ s qa for slaves in Spain, while multitudes were dragged into the mines to dig for gold, and held in slavery there until all who escaped not, died under the lash of the cruel task-master. It finally passed into their history that, "the red man of the West, unlike the black man of the East, foil die Before he 'll be a slave." Our hearts were crushed by such base ingratitude; and, as the United States has now decreed, "No Chinaman shall land upon out shores," so we then felt that no such barbarians as they, should land pi outs.

In those days that tried our fathers' souls, tradition says: "A crippled, grey-haired sire told his tribe that in the visions of the night he was lifted high above the earth, and in great wonder beheld a vast spider-fveb spread out over the land from the Atlantic Ocean toward the |setting sun. Its net-fork wad
made of rods of iron; along its lines in all directions rushed monstrous spiders, greater in strength, and larger far than any beast of earth, clad in brass and iron, dragging after them long rows of wigwams with families therein, outstripping in their course the flight of birds that fled before them. Hissing from their nostrils came forth fire and smoke, striking terror to both fowl and beast. The red men hid themselves in fear, or fled away, while the white men trained these monsters for the war path, as warriors for battle."

The old man who saw the vision claimed it meant that the Indian race would surely pass away before the pale-faced strangers. He died a magrtyritol his belief. Centuries have passed since that time, and we now behold in the vision as in a mirror, the present net-work of railroads, and the monstrous engines with their fire, smoke, and hissing steam, with cars attached, as they golsweeping through the land.

The dyclone of civilization rolled westward ; the forests of untold centufries were swept away; streams dried up; lakes fell back from their ancient bounds; aid all our fathers once loved to gaze upon was destroyed, defaced, or fared, except the sun, moon, and starry skies above, which the Great Spirit in his wisdom hung beyond their reach.

Still on the storm-cloud rolled, while before its lightning and thunder the beasts of the field land the fowls of the air withered like grass before the
flame - were shot for love of power to kill alone, and left to spoil upon the plains. Their bleaching bones now scattered far and near, in shame declare the wanton cruelty of pale-faced men. The storm unsatisfied on land swept our lakes and streams, while before its clouds of hooks, nets, and glistening spears the fish vanished from our waters like the morning dew before the rising sun. Thus our inheritance was cut off, and we were driven and scattered as sheep before the wolves.

- Nor was this all. They brought among us fatal diseases our fathers knew not-of; our medicine-men tried in vain to check the deadly plague; but they themselves died, and our people fell as fall the leaves before the autumn's blast. To be just, we must acknowledge there were some good men with these strangers, who gave their lives for ours, and in great kindness taught us the revealed will of the Great Spirit through his Son Jesus, the-mediator between God and mic. But while we were being taught to love the Lord our God with all our heart, mind, and strength, and our neighbors as ourselves, and our children were taught to lisp, "Our Father who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name," bad men of the same race, whom we thought of the same belief, shocked our faith in the revealed will of the Father, as they came among us with bitter oaths upon their lips, something we had never heard before, and cups of "ffire-water" in their hands, something we had never seen before.

They pressed the sparkling glasses to our lips and said," Drink, and you will be happy." We drank thereof, we and our children, but alas ! like the serpent that charms to kill, the drink-habit coiled about the heart-strings of its victims, shocking unto death, friendship, love, honor, manhood - all that makes men good and noble; crushing out all ambition, and leaving naught but a culprit vagabond in the place of 2 man.

Now as we have been taught to believe that our first parents ate of the forbidden fruit, and fell, so we as fully believe that this fire-water is the hardcider of the white man's devil, made from the fruit of that tree that brought death into the world, and all our woes. The arrow, the scalping-knife, and the tomahawk used on the war-path were merciful compared with it ; they were used in our defense, but the accursed drink came like a serpent in the form of 2 dove. Nany of our people partook of it without mistrust, as children pluck the fowers and clutch a scorpion in their gresp; only when they feel the sting, they let the flowers fall. But Nature's children had no such power; for when the viper's fangs they felt, they only hugged the reptile the more closely to their breasts, while friends before-them stood pleading withoprayers and tears that they would let ihe deadly serpent drop But all in vain. Although they promised so to do, yet with laughing grin and steps uncertain like the fool, they still more frequently guzzled down this hellish
drug. Finally, conscience ceased to give alarm, and, led by deep despair to life's last brink; and goaded by demons on every side, they cursed themselves, they cursed their friends, they cursed their beggar babes and wives, they cursed their God, and died.

You say of us that we are treacherous, vindictive, and cruel; n answer to the charge, we declaie to all the world with our hands uplifted before high Heaven, that before the white man came among tis, we were kind, outspoken, and forgiving. Our real character has been misunderstond beca ise we have resent sd the breaking of treaties made with the United States, as we honestly under tood them. The few of our children who are permitted to ttend youp schoois, in great pride tell us that they read in your own histories, hovs Willi: m Penn, Quaker, and a goo man, made treaties with nineteen tribes of Indians, and that neither he nor they ever broke them ; and further, that during seventy years, while Pennsylvania was controlled, by the Quakers, not a drop of blood was shed nor a war-whoop sounded by our pecple. Your own historians, and our traditions, show hat for nearl two hundred years, different Reatera powers were striving for the mestery in the new world, and that cur people were persuaded by the difforent factions to take the war-path, being generally led by white men who had been discharged from prisons for crimes committed in the Old World.

Read the following, left on record by Peter Martyr, who visited our forefathers in the day of Columbus:
"It is certain that the land among these people is as common as che sun and water, and that 'mine and thine, the seed of all misen, have to place with them. They are content with so little, that in so large a country they have rather la superfluity than a scarceness: so that they seem to live in the golden world without toil, living in open garderls not intrenched with dykes, divided with hedges, or defended with walls. They deal truly one with another, without laws, wi hout books, without judges. They take him for an evilhand mischievo..s man, who taketh pleasure in doing hurt to another, fol albeit they deligh not in superfluities, yet they malle provision for the increase of such roots whereof they make bread, content with such simple diet whereof health is preserved, and disease avoided.

Your own histories show that Columbus on his first visit to our shores, in a message to the king and queen of Spain, paid our forefathers this beautiful tribute : -
"They are loving uncove ous people: so decile in all things that I swear to your majes ties there is not in the world 2 bettof race or 2 more delightful country. They love treir neighbors as themselves, and heir talk is ever swee and gentle accompanied with smiles; and though they be naked, yot their manners are decorous and praiseworthy.

But a few years passed avay, and your historians left to be perused with. shame, the folldwing facts:
"On the islands of the Atlastic yoast and in the populous empires of Mexico and Peru, the Spaniards, through pretense of friendship and seligion, gained audience with chiefs and
kings, their families and attendants. They were received with great kindness and courtesy but in return they most treacherously seized and bound in chains the unsuspecting natives; and as a ransom for their release, demanded large sums of gold which were soon given by their subjects. But instead of granting them freedom az promised, they were put to death in a most shocking manner. Their subjects were then hunted down like wild beasts, with bloodhounds, robbed and enslaved; while underpretext to convert them to Christianity, the rack, the scourge, and the fagot were used. Some were burned alive in their thickets and fastnesses for refusing to work the mines as-sheves."

Tradition says these acts of base ingratitude were communicated from tre to tribe throughout the continent, ad that aniversal wail as one voice went up irom all the tribes of the unbrok wilaerness: "We must beat back these strangers from our shores before they seize-our lands and homes, or slavery and death are ours."

Reader, pause here, close your eyes, shut-out from your heart all prejudice against our race, and honestly consider the above records penned by the palefaced historians centuries ago ; and tell us in the name of eternal truth, and by all that is sacred and dear to mankind, was there ever a peopl witnout the slightest reason of offense, more treacherously imprisoned and scourged than we have been? And tell us, have erime, despotism, violence, and slavery ever be $n$ dealt out in a more wicked anner to crush out life and liberty; or was ever a people more mortally offencłed than our forefathers were ?

Almighty Spirit of humanity, let thy arms of cossan embrace and shield us from the charge of treachery; vindictiyeness, and cruelty, and save us from further oppression! And may the great chief of the United States appoint no more broken-down or disappointed politicians as agents to deal with us, but may he select good men that are tried and true, men who fear not to do the right. This is our prayer. What would remain for us if we were not allowed to pray? All else we acknowledge to be in the hands of this gieat republic.

It is clear that for years after the discovery of this country, we stood before the coming strangers, as a block of marble-before the sculptor, ready to be shaped into a statue of grace and beanty; but in their greed for gold, the block was hacked to pieces and destroyed. Child-like we trusted in them with all our hearts ; and as the young nestling while yet blind, swallows each morsel given by the parent bird, so we drank in all they said. They showed us the compass that guided them across the trackless deep, and as its needle swung to and fro only resting to the north, we looked upon it as a thing of life from the eiernal world. We could not understand the ightining and thunder of their guns, believing they wereweapons of the gods; nor could we fathom their wisdom in knawing and telling us the exact time in which the revered, them - yes, we rusted ip them, as infants trus in the armas their mothers.

Byt again and again was our confidence betray=d, until we were compelled to know that greed for gold was all the balance wheel they had. The remnart of the beasts are now wild and keep beyond the arrow's reach, the fowls ffy high in ail, the fish hide themselves in deep waeas. We have been driven from the homes of our childhood and from th申 burial places of our kindred anp Eriends, and scattered fir westward into desert places, where multitudes have died from pomesickness, cold, and hunger and are suffering and dying still for want of food and blankets.

As the hun ed deer close chased an day long, wren aight comes on, weary and tired, lies down to rest, mpurning for companions of the mprning herd, all scattered, dead, and gone, so we thrpugh weary years have tried to find some place to safely rept. But 211 in vain. Our throbbing hearts unceasing say, "The hounds are howing on opur tracks." Ohir sad history has been told by weeping parents to theit childyen from generation to generation; and as the feaf of the fox in the duckling is hateled, so the wrongs we have suf fered are tansmitted to pur children, and they look upop the white pan with
distrust as soon as they are born. Hence our worst acts of cruelty should be viewed by/all the world with Christian charity, as being but the echo of bad treatment dealt out to us.

Therefore we pray our critics everywhere to be not like the thoughtless boy who condernns the toiling beles wherever found, as vindictive and cruel, because in robbing their homes he once received the poisoned darts that nature gave for their defense. Our strongest defense against the onward marching hordes, we fully rualioe is as useless as the struggles of a lamb borne high in air, pierced to its heart, in the talons of an eagle.

We never shall be happy here any more; we gaze into the faces of our little ones, for smiles of infancy to please, and into the faces of our young men and maidens, for joys of youth to cheer acvancing age, but alas! instead of smiles of joy we find but looks of sadnoss there. Then we fully realize in the anguish of our souls that their young and tender hearts, in kecnest sympathy with ours, have drank in the sorrows tre have felt, and their sad faces reflect it back to us again. No raicbow of promise spans the dark cloud of our afflictions; no cheering hopes are painted on our midnight sky. We only stand with folded armsland watch and wait to see the future deal with us no better thah the past. No cheer of sympathy is given us; but in ansprer to our com$1^{\text {laints we are told the triumphal march of the Eastern race westrard is by }}$ the unalterable decree of nature, termed by them "the survival of the fittest." And so we stand as upon the sea-shore, chained hand and foot, while the incoming tide of the great ocean of civilization rises slowly blat surely to overwhelm us.

But a few more generations and the last child of the forest will have passed into the world beyond - into that kingdom, where Tche-bw-you-booz, the Great Spirit, dwelleth, who loveth justice and mercy, and hateth evil; who has declared the "fittest", in his kingdom shall be those alone that hear and aid his childfen when they cory, and that love him and kep his commandments. In that kingdom fnapy of our people in faith believe He will summon the pale-faced spirits to tad position on hislleft; and the red spirits upon his right, and that he will say, "s Sons and daughters of the forest, your prayers for deliverance from the iron heel of oppression through centuries past are recorded in this book now pen before me, hade from the bark of the white birch, a free under which for generations p st you have mourned and wept. Units pages silently hals beeh recorded your sad history. It has touched ny heart with pity a d I will have dompassion."

Then turning to his left he will say, 'Sons and daughters of the East, all heir and give heed unto my words. While on earth I did great and marveloui things for you + I gave my only Son, who declared unto you my will,
and as you had freely received, to so freely give, and declare the gospel unto
all. people. A few of you have kept the faith; and throng
great tribulation have kind regardless of race or color. To all such I now give divine power to fly on lightning wings throughout my universe. Now, therefore, listen; and when acted well their part on earth to redeem and save the fallen." shall hear their fluttering as the rumbling of an earthquake, and to our sur. prise shall see but a scattering few in triumph rise, and hear their songs rehath redeemed and saved us." you in presence of these red men that you are grill of having hyramized over then in many and strange| whity. I find you guilty of hiving made wanton Wholesale butchery of theit glume and find you guilty of having made wanton
beast. You found it with the red men, who used it only in smoking the pipe of peace, to confirm their contracts, in place of a seal. But you-multiplied its -use, not only in smoking, but in chewing, snuffing, thus forming unhealthy, - filthy habits, and by cigarettes, the abomination of abominations, learned little children to hunger and thirst after the father and mother of palsy and cancers,
"I find you guilty of tagging after the pay agents sent out by the great chief of the United States, among the Indians, to pay off their birth-right claims to home, and liberty, and native lands, and then sneaking about their agencies by deceit and trickery, cheating and robbing them of their money and goods, thus leaving them poor and naked. I also find you guilty of following the trail of Christian missionaries into the wilderness among the natives, and when they had set up my altars, and the great work of redemption had just begun, and some in faith believed, you then and there most wickedly set up the idol of man-tchi-man in-to (the devil), and there stuck out your sign, SAMPLE ROOMS. You then dealt out to the sons of the forest a most damnable drug, fitly termed on earth by Christian women, 'a beverage of hell,' which de stroyed both body and soul, taking therefore, all their money and blankets, and scrupling not to take in pawn the Bibles given them by my servants.
"Therefore kñow ye, this much-abused race shall enjoy the liberties of these happy hunting-grounds, while Iteach them my will, which you were in duty bound to do while on earth. But instead, you blocked up the highway that led to heaven, that the car of salvation might not pass over. Had youdone your duty, they as well as you would now be rejoicing in glory with my -saints with whom you, fluttering, tried this diy inwain to rise. But now I say unto you, Stand back! you shall not tread upon the heels of my people, nor tyrannize over them any more. Neither shall you with gatling-gun or otherwise disturb or break up their prayemeetings in camp any more. Neither shāll you practice with weapons of lightning and thunder any more. Neither shall you use tobacco in any shape, way, or mammer. Neither shill you touch, taste, handle, make, buy, or sell anything that can intoxicate any more. And know ye, ye cannot buy out the law orskulk by justice here ; and if any attempt is made on your part tolbreak these commandments, I shall forthwith grant these red men of America great power, and delegate them to cast you out of Paradise, and hurl you headlong through its outer gates into the endless abyss bemeath - Far beyond, wheme darkness meets with light, there to dwell, andthus shut you out from my presence and the presence of angels and the light of heaven forever and exver."




